









# What is Emotional Literacy?

Emotional literacy is the ability to express our emotions and feelings using speech and other forms of communication. It's an important skill that children must develop from a young age to help establish a stable relationship with their own emotions.

Emotional literacy is a key aspect of emotional intelligence, which means our overall ability to deal with emotions. Emotional literacy focuses on how we communicate our feelings and how well we can read others' emotions. Whilst some children will naturally be comfortable doing this, others might need more encouragement and support. Without emotional literacy, children will struggle to express their feelings appropriately and might be confused or alarmed by the emotions of others. The term emotional literacy was coined by Claude Steiner in 1997. Steiner believed that emotional literacy was key in helping humans, especially children, handle their own emotions in an empowering way that would also improve their quality of life.

Steiner also broke emotional literacy down into five distinct parts:

- knowing your feelings
- having a sense of empathy
- learning to manage our emotions
- repairing emotional problems
- putting it all together, also known as emotional interactivity

## Maslow's Theory

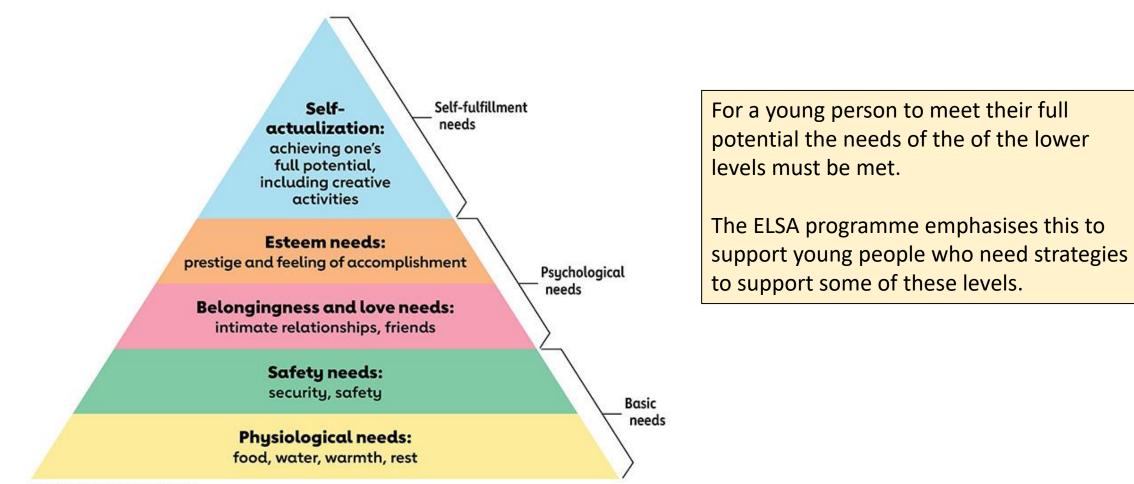


Image Credit: SimplyPsychology.org/Maslow, 1943

### My role as an ELSA....



Becky Thompson ELSA & Mental Health Lead Sunshine Class Teacher (Weds, Thurs & Fri)

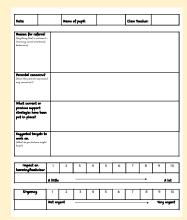
- > ELSA's are specialists with a wealth of experience working with children and young people.
- > We are trained over 6 full- days by Educational Psychologists, we also attend regular supervision sessions.
- ELSAs are warm, kind and caring people who want to make children and young people feel happy in school and to reach their potential socially, emotionally and academically. We understand the barriers to learning that some children and young people might have and can help them with this.
- We can support the children and young person's emotional development and help them cope with life's challenges. ELSAs will also help children and young people to find solutions to problems they might have.
- An ELSA is not there to fix problems but to help them find their own solutions and offer that important support to a child or young person.
- Relationships are key in helping children and young people to feel safe and nurtured. ELSA is about creating a reflective space for the child or young person.

#### What areas does an ELSA help with?

- Loss and bereavement
- Emotional Literacy
- Self-esteem
- Social Skills
- Friendship issues
- Relationships
- Managing strong feelings
- Anxiety and worries
- Bullying
- Conflict
- Emotional Regulation
- Growth Mindset
- Social and therapeutic stories
- Problem solving

## How are children or young people referred for ELSA?

- Class teacher referral
- Sendco referral
- Parent referral
- Child referral
- Outside agency referral



- The ELSA will prioritize the children based on their need, circumstances of the individual.
- They may be put on a waiting list if they do not meet any of these requirements.
- A relevant pre assessment form is given to the child's teacher or T.A to fill out.
- The ELSA will match up the child's assessment needs and make 6 objective based on these areas – SMART targets.

### What does a session look like?

#### • An emotional check in

This is an opportunity to talk about feelings

#### • Warm up activity

A fun game or activity to help the child relax

#### • Main activity

A planned activity to a set learning objective.

#### • Relaxation

A relaxation exercise or activity to help the child get ready to return to class

ELSA sessions are bespoke. They are aligned to each individual or group

Sessions are one, 30-minute session per week.

Session last 6-8 weeks dependent on SMART target set for pupil.

It should be in the same room, at the same time, on the same day each week – consistency is important.

Notes will be written up and added to pupils CPOMS file.



# The Nest (Summer Wing corridor)

#### The Nest

- The space is welcoming.
- Positive.
- A space where children and young people feel safe and not associate with different areas of learning, or time-out space.
- Cater for all needs and ages.





# **ELSA leaflet**

- Consent isn't needed but parents should be made aware of what an ELSA is/does.
- Correct and up to date information should be on the leaflet including all essential information.

