



Primary Relationships Education

Curriculum Area	Pupils should know that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.	Long Term topics		
Families and people who care for me		EYFS	My Family: My immediate family (who I live with)	
	the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of	Year 1	My extended family: aunts, uncles, grandparents, cousins	
	 spending time together and sharing each other's lives. that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care for them. 	Year 2	My friends family: Sharing and learning about the diverse families of the other children in the class	
		Year 3	Family relationships: Love, care, spending time together	
	 that stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. 	Year 4	A happy home: Safety, security, support and advice available	
	 that marriage/civil partnership represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong. 	Year 5	Other families: Different cultures, beliefs, religions, other relationships	
	 how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. 	Year 6	Family commitment: Including marriage, civil partnerships.	
Caring friendships	how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.	EYFS	My Class: the friendships within the class. Who makes us happy, who we like to play with.	
		Year 1	Feelings and Emotions: happy, sad, excited, cross, frightened.	





	the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.	Year 2	Sharing: Sharing activities, building friendships, turn taking, celebrating each other's successes.
	that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.	Year 3	What makes a good friend: respect, trust, truth, helpful, fun.
	 that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or 	Year 4	Healthy Relationships: falling out, making up, where to find help and advice.
	even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.	Year 5	Feelings and Emotions: Happy, sad, included, excluded, lonely, frightened, uncomfortable, and anxious.
	 how to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed. 	Year 6	Bullying: being kind, how to recognise bullying, how to prevent bullying, where to find support when bullying is apparent.
Respectful relationships	Pupils should know		
	 the importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, 	EYFS	All about me:
	 personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs. the conventions of courtesy and manners. 	Year 1	All about you:
	the importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.	Year 2	Us – Same/Different/Similar:
	 that in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority. 	Year 3	Manners and respect:
	about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying,	Year 4	Bullying:





	 responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help. what a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, 	Year 5	My community:
	 negative or destructive. the importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults. 	Year 6	Celebrating difference:
Online relationships	Pupils should know that people sometimes behave differently online, including by	EYFS	Using technology:
	pretending to be someone they are not.	Year 1	Personal Information:
	 that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-toface relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous. 	Year 2	Online rules:
	the rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to	Year 3	Online Gaming:
	 report them. how to critically consider their online friendships and sources 	Year 4	Friend or Foe:
	of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met.	Year 5	CEOP:
	how information and data is shared and used online	Year 6	Reality VS Fantasy
Being safe Pu	Pupils should know what sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with	EYFS	Class rules:
	peers and others (including in a digital context). about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for	Year 1	School rules:
	both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.	Year 2	Me and my body:





	 that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact. 	Year 3	My community:
	 how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter who they do not know. 	Year 4	Friendly and too friendly:
	 how to ask for advice or help for self and for others, and to keep trying until they are heard, including having the vocabulary and confidence to report concerns or abuse. 	Year 5	Who can help me? :
	where to get advice from e.g. family, school and/or other sources	Year 6	Privacy – On and offline:
Body Awareness (Science NC)	identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.	EYFS	Likes and Dislikes:
	Pupils should be taught to: notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)	Year 1	My body parts:
	describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. Pupils should be taught to:	Year 2	What my body needs:





 identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement. 	Year 3	What animals need:
 describe the changes as humans develop to old age. recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on 	Year 4	Keeping healthy - Exercise:
the way their bodies function	Year 5	Diet and healthy foods:
	Year 6	My body now:





Primary: Physical health and mental wellbeing **Outcome Guidance Curriculum Area Intended outcomes** Mental wellbeing Pupils should know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same **EYFS** What makes me happy: way as physical health. that there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. Year 1 What makes me sad: how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. how to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate. Year 2 Sharing feelings: the benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness. simple self-care techniques, including the impact of relaxation, Year 3 My behaviours: time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support. Teams and triumphs: Year 4 that bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.





	 where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online). 	Year 5	Alone and altogether:
	 it is common for people to experience mental ill health. For many people who do, the problems can resolve if the right support is made available and accessed, especially if they access support as early as possible. 	Year 6	The Good, The Bad and The Support:
Internet safety and harms	that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits. about the benefits of balancing time spent on and offline and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental wellbeing.	EYFS	Using technology:
		Year 1	Personal Information:
		Year 2	Online rules:
	 how to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online. 	Year 3	Online Gaming:
	 why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted. 	Year 4	Friend or Foe:
	that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.	Year 5	CEOP:
		Year 6	Reality VS Fantasy
Physical health and fitness	Pupils should know	EYFS	Action Songs
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	the characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.	Year 1	Daily Dance
		Year 2	Quick Think Fitness





	the importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this, for example a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.	Year 3	Mindfulness
		Year 4	Fit or Fat
		Year 5	Teams and Triumphs
	 the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity). 	Year 6	Effective Exercise and the Impact
Healthy eating	Pupils should know	EYFS	The 5 Senses:
	 what constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories, and nutritional content). 	Year 1	The Needs of My Body:
		Year 2	Likes/Dislikes, Food and Drink:
	 the principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals. 	Year 3	Fruit and Vegetables:
	the characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health).	Year 4	A Healthy Diet:
		Year 5	Preparing Healthy Foods:
		Year 6	The Effects and Risks of Unhealthy Food:
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drugtaking.	Not cover	red in Primary
Health and prevention	Pupils should know how to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body. about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.	EYFS	Hand washing
		Year 1	Catch it, Bin it, Kill it.
		Year 2	Spots, Itches and Tummy Ache
	 the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. 	Year 3	Dentists and Doctors





	 about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene, including visits to the dentist. 	Year 4	Sleep and Exercise
	 about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and the importance of handwashing. 	Year 5	Seasons and Safety
	about immunisations.	Year 6	My Body – Keeping Clean
Basic first aid	know how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary. concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common	Year 3	999 – Emergency:
	injuries, including head injuries.	Year 4	First Aid:
Changing adolescent body	 Pupils should know: key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical 	Year 5	Puberty – Changes in body:
	and emotional changes.	Year 6	Puberty – Changes in Feelings: